

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Preformed Fibreglass Pipe Section

Other names NA

Product codes NA

HSNO approval NA – non hazardous

Approval description NA
UN number NA
DG class NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

Uses Insulation material

Company Details

Postal Address

Company Accumen Shapes
Physical Address 95D Hugo Johnston Drive

Penrose
Auckland 1061

New Zealand PO Box 22 675

Otahuhu Auckland 1640 New Zealand

Telephone 09 270 9228 Website www.accumen.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 09 270 9228

2. Hazard Identification

Approval in New Zealand

This product is not considered hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO), according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes

Hazard Statements

none

SYMBOLS

none

Other Classification

The dust and fibres of this substance may be irritating to the skin and respiratory tract as a result of physical (mechanical) reaction (i.e. scratch). The irritation is not a result of a chemical reaction and therefore does not trigger these classifications under GHS.

Precautionary Statements

none

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Borosilicate Glass	NA	84-98%
Heat cured phenol-formaldehyde	NA	2-16%
De-dusting highly refined process oil	64742-01-4	0-2%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.



4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor if concerned. Eye contact If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Flush immediately with large amounts of water. Remove all contaminated clothing. Skin contact

Contact a doctor if experiencing symptoms

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of vapours/dust is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If

coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. **Firefighting Measures**

Fire and explosion hazards: There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. Glasswool insulation is

stable and similar products are used for fire proofing purposes. During a fire, however, the packaging and some facings may burn and the resin binding the fibres may break

down producing gases typical of any organic material being burnt in a fire. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances: Products of combustion:

None known

Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Hazchem code: NA

6. **Accidental Release Measures**

Containment There is no current legal requirement for secondary containment of this product. Prevent

product from entering environment as it may clogg drains and cause excess sediment in

waterways.

Emergency procedures If a significant spill occurs: If there is any loose material, cover with packaging material,

e.g. plastic and reseal. Recycle or transfer to container for disposal. Dispose of according

to guidelines below (Section 13).

This product is not considered flammable or ecotoxic. Small spills do not require any Clean-up method

special clean up method. Larger spills should be collected. Avoid dust formation. Do not

wash material down stormwater drains.

Disposal Collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle

packaging wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill.

Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Use gloves, eye and respiratory protection. See Section 8.

Storage & Handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Keep from Storage

extreme heat, open flames and direct sunlight. Protect product from weather. Avoid

contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Avoid the

generation of dust. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment

requirements.



8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA* WES-STEL Exposure Stds Oil mist, mineral 5mg/m³ 10mg/m³

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Follow the Health and Safety Guidelines for the Selection and Safe Handling of Synthetic Mineral Fibres, published by WorkSafe.

Personal Protective Equipment

General Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of

exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where

all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be

undertaken.

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely or if handling material in

bulk.

Skin If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or

sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions, use gloves. Nitrile or NBR gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should

be checked for tears or holes before use.

Respiratory Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If

product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be

preferred.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Pink, yellow to brown or grey/green

Odour Faint odour of resin

Odour threshold No data pH 7

Vapour pressure
Viscosity
NA
Boiling point
Volatile materials
Freezing / melting point
Solubility

Vapour Pressure
NA
NA
Volatile materials
700°C
insoluble

Specific gravity / density $0.11-0.22 (H_2O = 1)$

Flash point NA
Danger of explosion NA
Auto-ignition temperature NA
Upper & lower flammable limits NA

Corrosiveness non corrosive



10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Packaging should be kept intact in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups None known Substance Specific None known Incompatibility Hazardous decomposition None known

products

Hazardous reactions None known

Toxicological Information 11.

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: unlikely source of exposure. This substance can cause possible abrasion of mouth and throat from glass particles.

IF IN EYES: Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

IF ON SKIN: Irritation to the skin causing itching and sometimes a red rash may occur. The itch or rash is usually not severe, does not last long, and can be relieved by washing with mild soap and cool water...

IF INHALED: Irritation of the nose and throat; especially in people with pre-existing upper respiratory or chest complaints. CHRONIC TOXICITY: Prolonged or repeated overexposure to airborne glass dust can lead to inflammation and scarring of lung tissue.

Supporting Data

Acute Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is Oral

>2000 mg/kg.

Dermal Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >2000 mg/kg.

Inhaled Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Fibres and dust may cause mechanical irritation of the respiratory

Eye The substance is considered to be an eye irritant (mechanical). Skin This substance may cause skin irritation by mechanical abrasion.

Chronic Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity IARC evaluation of mineral fibres: Group 3 (not classifiable as to the carcinogenicity to

humans).

Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. Aggravation of Pre-existing skin and eye disorders may be aggravated by direct contact to this product.

existing conditions

12. **Ecological Data**

Summary

This substance is not considered ecotoxic.

Supporting Data

Aquatic No evidence of ecotoxicity towards aquatic organisms.

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of ecotoxicity towards soil organisms.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal

Environmental effect levels No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients



13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packagingDisposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

15. Regulatory Information

This substance is not considered to be hazardous under HSNO. All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS Not required (non hazardous), but best practice to have the SDS available.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Not required. Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code not applicable – non hazardous.

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARCInternational Agency for Research on CancerLEL/UELLower Explosive Limit/ Upper Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Data

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

DateReason for reviewSeptember 2022Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). Full formulation details were not available. This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 104 0951.

